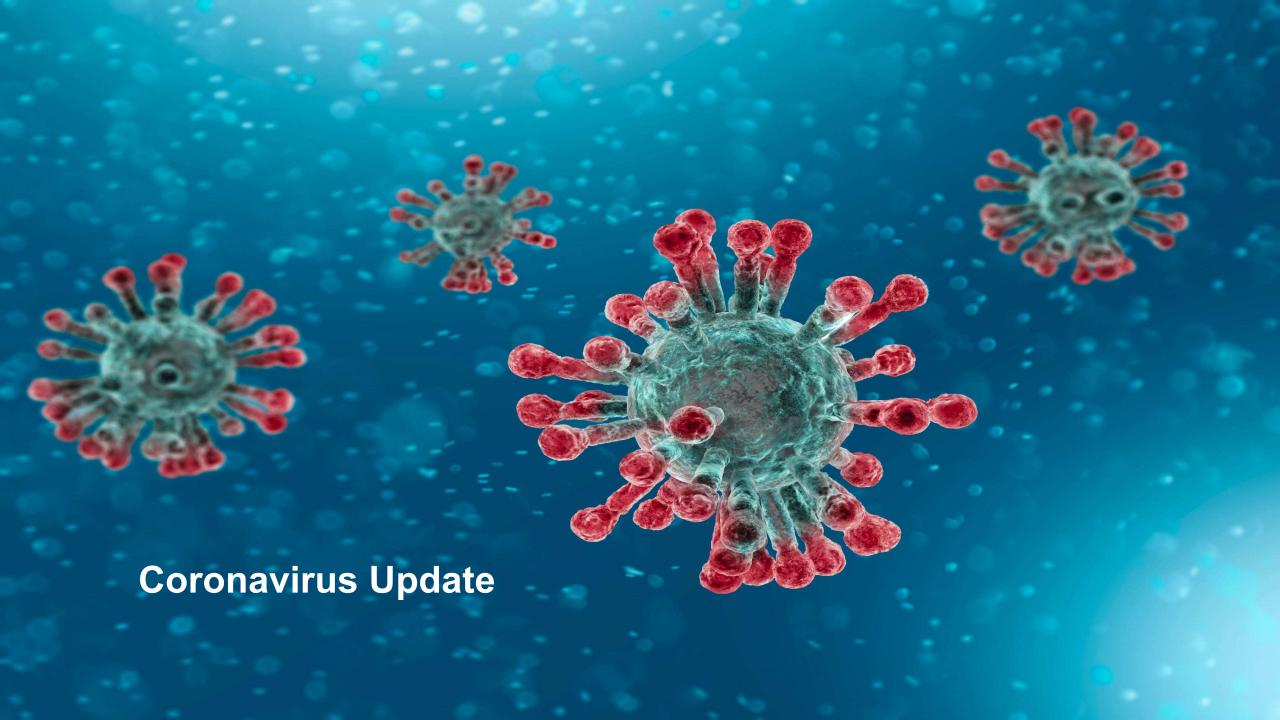
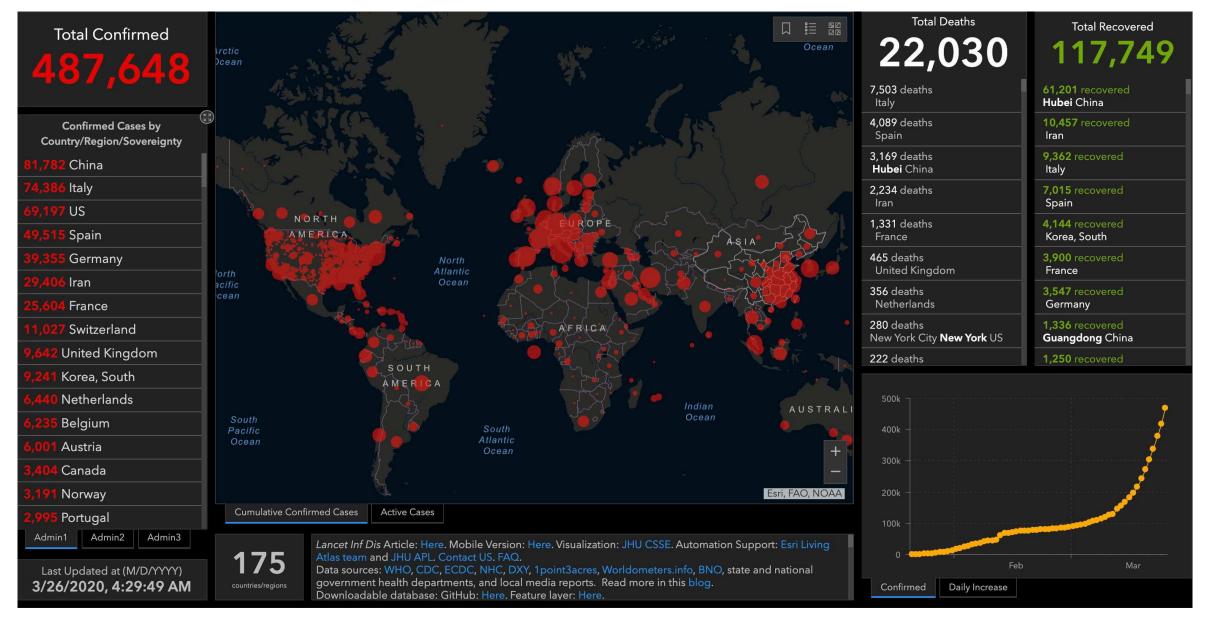


Agenda

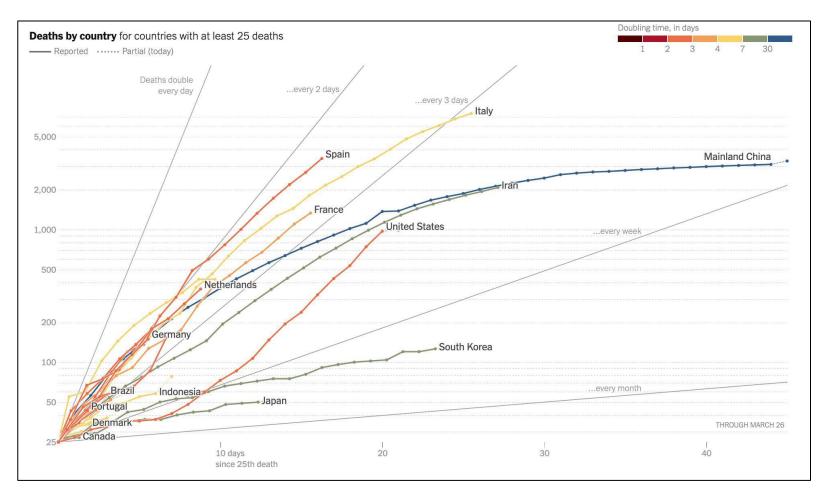
- Coronavirus Update
- Pandemic Planning Guidance
 - COVID-19: Pandemic Planning Phases
- Top Ten Things to Do Right Now
- Personal & Family Preparedness
- Questions





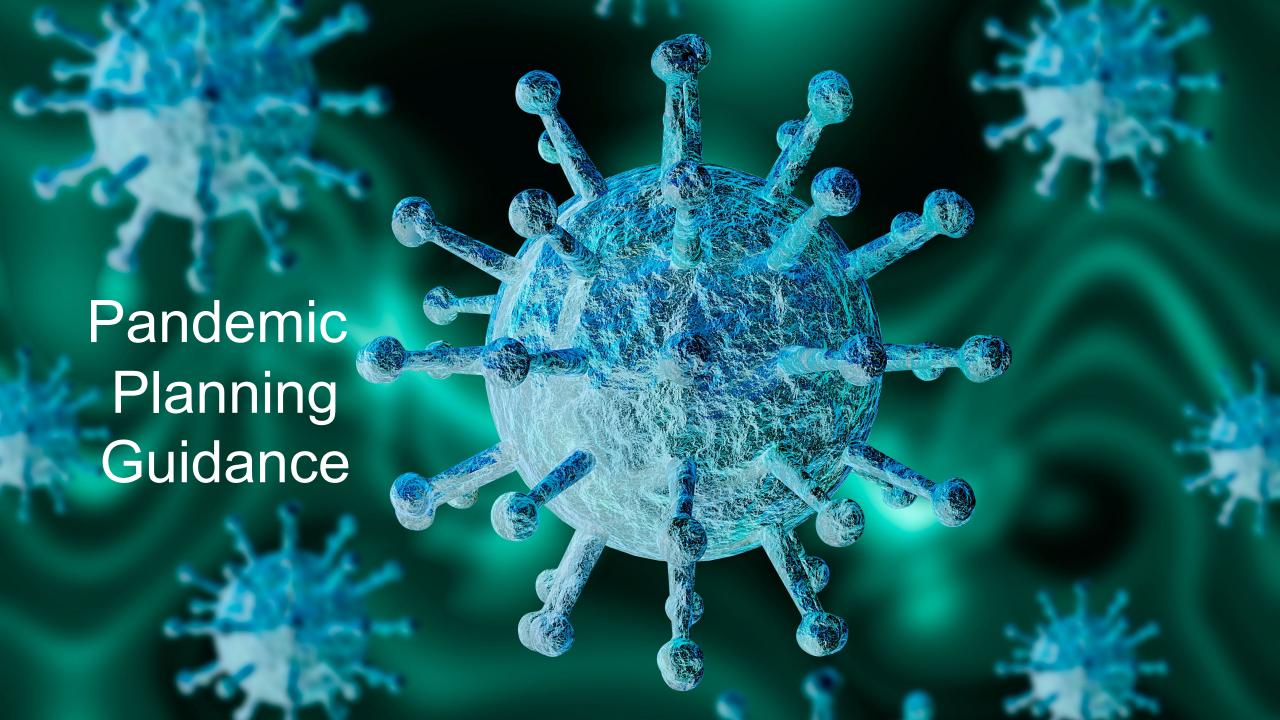
https://gisanddata.maps.arcgis.com/apps/opsdashboard/index.html#/bda7594740fd40299423467b48e9ecf6

US Current Path - Deaths



US Death toll is currently 971 deaths, doubling every three days

> Source: NYT March 26, 2020



Business Continuity Planning & Pandemic Planning Phases

Classic Business Continuity Planning

- In the field of Business Continuity, the planning process is often described in four phases:
 - 1. Plan
 - 2. Detect
 - 3. Respond
 - 4. Recover

Classic Phases of a Pandemic (CDC)

- Phase 1: Investigation Interval
- Phase 2: Recognition Interval
- Phase 3: Initiation Interval
- Phase 4: Acceleration Interval
- Phase 5: Deceleration Interval

COVID-19: Pandemic Planning Phases

- 1. Planning Prepare plans and prepare in advance of the pandemic
- **2. Awareness** Awareness of the threat and assessment our level of preparedness
- **3. Activation/Response** The threat grows, and we activate our plans and teams
- **4.** Re-evaluation (strategic/tactical) A continual and deeper reassessment: "what are your top mission critical functions that must absolutely continue." This could dramatically change over time.
- 5. Cocoon (tactical) / Re-entry planning (strategic/tactical) Preservation of the critical functions (by the tactical team) and simultaneously thinking about re-entry/recovery (strategic team)
- **6. Re-entry / recovery** We dig ourselves out of our cocoon and re-emerge with plans in place on how we will start up and move forward
- 7. Reinvent Once we start up, it is likely that we will emerge from this experience, changed. What will we do differently, what will we keep the same? We have a unique opportunity to reinvent ourselves, in ways we might have thought too radical before.

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What Should You Be Doing Now?

- 1. Obtain and distribute situational awareness
- 2. Conduct highly structured briefings based on your situational awareness and incident action plans (IAP)
- 3. Maintain productivity while working from home
- 4. Protect critical employees on the job
- 5. Redeploy workers to those departments that need help
- 6. Evaluate your human resource decisions
- 7. Maintain ongoing communication to all key stakeholders
- 8. Establish a Plan B team
- 9. Continual deep re-evaluation
- 10. Start writing your after-action report now



#1 Situational Awareness

Situational Awareness Definition

- Situational Awareness is the ability to identify, process and comprehend the critical elements of information regarding an incident
 - It's knowing what is going on around you
 - This includes your remote work force
- Creating situational awareness requires two distinct activities:
 - Collect: Observe, acquire and organize information
 - Process: Assess and analyze the information to orient yourself to possible impacts

Collect Situational Awareness - Internal Sources

- You need to gather information that supports building situational awareness
- What do you need to know from all your company locations?
- We recommend focusing questions on five areas:
 - 1. People
 - 2. Facilities
 - 3. Technology
 - 4. Business Operations
 - 5. Reputation and Brand

Sample Situational Awareness Questions

- People / Life safety
 - What is happening in your particular area?
 - Paint a picture of what is going on locally
 - Include relevant known social media and public reporting
 - Are there any known or potential changes in government restrictions or guidance?
 - How many employees are reporting illnesses? Any deaths?
 - O How do the numbers compare to normal for this time of year?

Sample Situational Awareness Questions

Facilities

- Building status: Open, partially open (only Cat 1 staff), closed
- Do we have any health supply-related concerns?
 - Do we have adequate supplies of masks, gloves, wipes, hand sanitizer, etc.?
 - Are there any other facility-related issues such as janitorial or cleaning issues?

Technology

- Is there sufficient bandwidth to support work-from-home strategies for most employees?
- Has there been an increase in cyber-attacks?
- Are "WFH" employees having hardware or support issues?

Sample Situational Awareness Questions

Business Operations

- What are the effects on business operations: no issues, some problems, major impact? Are remote workers productive and meeting their deliverables?
- Have we "rethought" what happens when we have significant interruptions?
- Are we experiencing any supply chain disruptions; are we prepared for future problems?
- Any there customer comments, complaints or concerns?

Reputation and Brand

- Is the company in the news? Are we seeing any new inquiries?
- Could the company become part of a news story?
- Are holding statements ready? Is our stakeholder list current?
- Have our crisis communication advisors been alerted?

Collect Situational Awareness - External Sources

- Develop a list of solid, credible health sources
 - WHO: https://www.who.int/emergencies/diseases/novel-coronavirus-2019
 - CDC: https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/index.html
 - Johns Hopkin University
 https://gisanddata.maps.arcgis.com/apps/opsdashboard/index.html#/bda7594740fd40299423467b48e9ecf6
 - Your local County Department of Public Health
 - Infectious Disease MD in your area or from a university teaching environment

Collect Situational Awareness - External Sources

- Develop a list of solid, credible outside news sources
 - New York Times
 - Washington Post
 - Bloomberg News
 - o NPR

- Guardian
- Bloomberg News
- Reuters
- o BBC
- Fact check ALL social media posts from unknown sources
 - Warn your employees to question unverified "news" reports
 - Be alert for and prepared to <u>quickly</u> respond to internal rumors

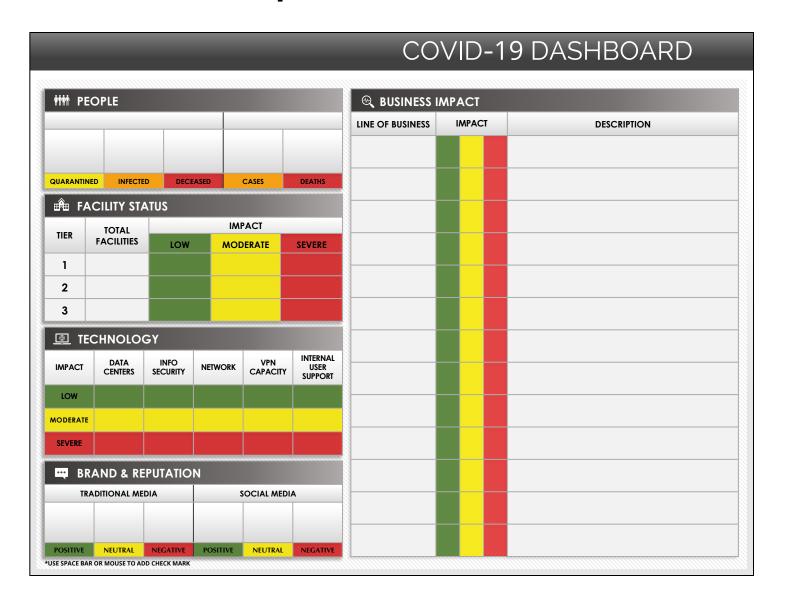
Sample Sit Stat Data Collection Form

COVID-19 SITUATION STATUS REPORT				
*** PEOPLE - LIFE SAFETY	Low	Moderate	Severe	Comments
1 Have any employees in your facility tested positive for COVID-19?				# of cases
2 Are any employees in your facility currently being quarantined for COVID-19?		Ш	Ш	# in quarantine
3 Are there any employees in your facility confirmed deaths of COVID-19?	Ш	Ш		# of deaths
4 Are there any changes in government restrictions or guidance in your city or state	?		Ц	
A FACILITIES	Low	Moderate	Severe	Comments
What is the facility status: open, limited use closed	or 📗			
Are there any physical facility/maintenance concerns (e.g., HVAC, generator)?		Ш	Ш	
3 Are there any physical security concerns?	Ш			
■ TECHNOLOGY	Low	Moderate	Severe	Comments
1 Are there issues regarding infrastructure,				
applications or network impacting operatio	ns?	-		
2 Are there any information security issues impacting operations			Ш	
Are there any priority concerns with WFH employees - help desk support or equipme	nt?		Ш	

Process the Information

- Organize the information daily into a Situation Status Report (aka "SitStat" Report)
 - Disseminate the report to your Crisis Management Team and the Executive Crisis Management Team
 - Use it to inform and develop your Incident Action Plans
 - Develop a dashboard for your Executive Crisis
 Management Team

Sample Dashboard





Your Briefings

- Depending on your operational period your briefings are at least once per day. They should be:
 - Highly structured with a designated moderator who manages the agenda and the flow of the call (not the Incident Commander)
 - Set agenda
 - Designated individuals who capture all objectives (action items) for inclusion into your incident action plan noting individuals assigned to the task

Incident Action Plan (IAP) – What are they?

- An IAP is one of the hallmarks of the Incident Command System. It is a concisely written document that includes:
 - Overall high-level priorities that lead the response
 - Overall incident status and situational awareness
 - Specific strategic objectives think of it as a big incident "to-do list" with assignments
 - Timing of next meeting the date and time of the next operational period

Written Incident Action Plans

- Your written Incident Action Plans should always include:
 - 1. Overall high-level incident priorities
 - 2. Situational awareness
 - 3. Specific objectives with assignments
 - 4. Next operational period

Sample COVID-19 IAP Objectives

- Determine the frequency of updates to our employees
- Develop a comprehensive dashboard for the SitStat report
- Develop messaging to key company leaders regarding plan status and updates
- Develop employee communication regarding actions of the company/ specific measures
- Develop a log on and lock out "health reminder" screen
- Develop group meeting guidance
- Develop guidance work environments where employees have tight quarters
- Review employee privacy/HIPAA communications guidance
- Determine developing guidance regarding when employees would stay home due to potential exposure
- Develop high level check list for leaders to focus thinking on the resource limitations
- Confirm employee information in ENS is correct
- Develop disease and health guidance for contractors
- Develop process for documenting incoming exposures and sick in workplace
- Determine tools and process to access if we are experiencing a widespread employee absences
- Develop a contingency plan if cleaning companies employees aren't available to clean facilities



Logistics of WFH

- Develop work rituals at home
- Set up a "routine place to work"
- Be aware of ergonomic issues
- Equipment failures how does that get resolved
- Equipment needs peripherals like mice, scanners, printers
- Help desk support likely more required, have you considered capacity issues?
- What collaboration tools could help with productivity and connection?

WFH Challenges

- Trying to stay organized and motivated
- Coordinating family demands kids, parents and partners at home
- Feelings of being disconnected from the work, the team and the office
- Burnout

WFH Tips

- Self care
 - Deep breathing
 - Frequent stretching and movement
 - Nutrition
 - Exercise
 - Mindfulness
- Your old commute time?
 - Turn it into self enrichment

- Connect with your colleagues
 - Call them (what a concept!)
 - Virtual lunch with team with your video on
 - Informal chat groups channels that talk about movies, music, fun news
 - After work "cocktail parties"



Protect Critical Employees On The Job

- For those employees who must be at work, how can you make it safe for them to be there:
 - Social distancing
 - PPE
 - Intense surface cleaning
 - Transportation and parking
 - On site EAP services

Sequestration

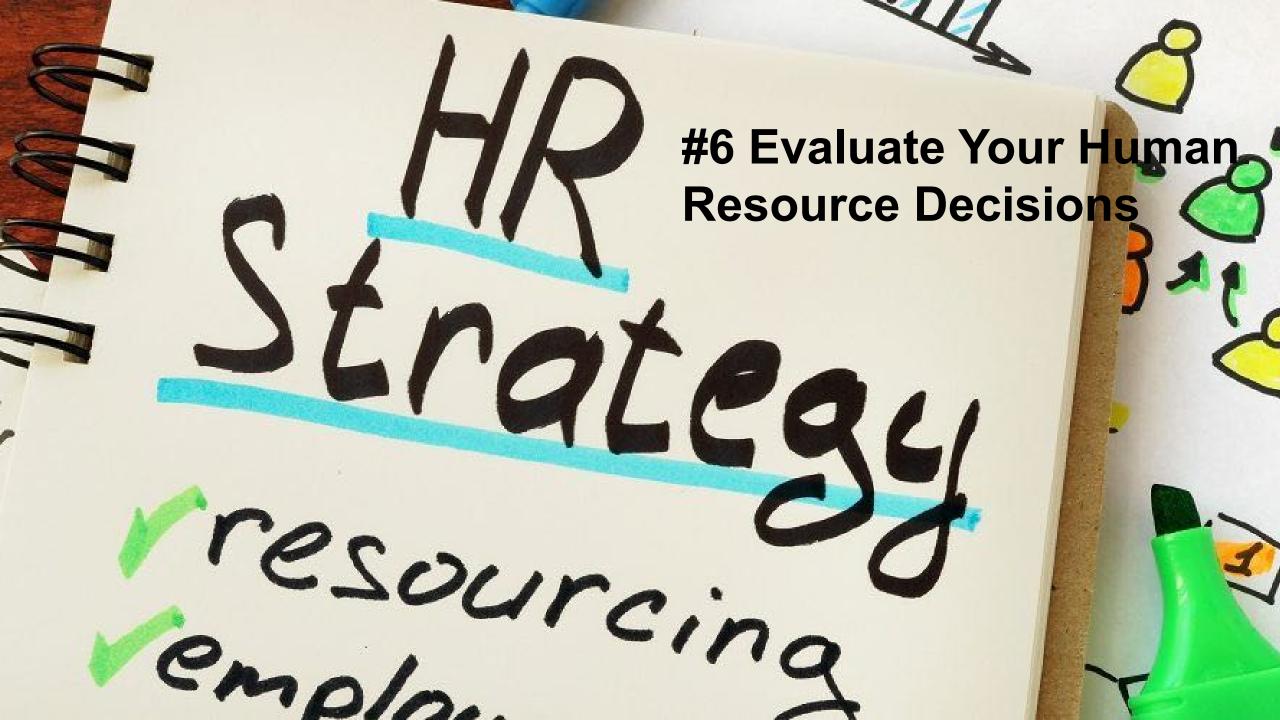
- What does it mean to sequester employees?
 - The simple definition is to isolate or hide away.
- In most cases it means that an employer, with an employee's permission, removes them from their "regular living" environment and isolates them from their family, friends and community.
 - The employer provides all housing, meals, medical support and recreation to sustain the employee during the duration of the sequestration.
 - This also includes hazard pay or a bonus for this hardship.

#5 Redeploy Workers To Those Departments That Need Help



Redeploy Workers To Those Departments That Need Help

- Likely you have some employees who are not working
 - How can you redeploy them to other departments who need help?
- Develop your own internal "Craig's list" (think of a "job bank")
 - Develop tools to help facilitate collecting needs and resources
 - Determine what departments need help and what type of assistance
 - List all employees who are unable to perform their "routine job" and currently provide a skill inventory
 - Reassign available staff to areas in need (usually done by managers in concert with HR)



#16 Human Resource Issues

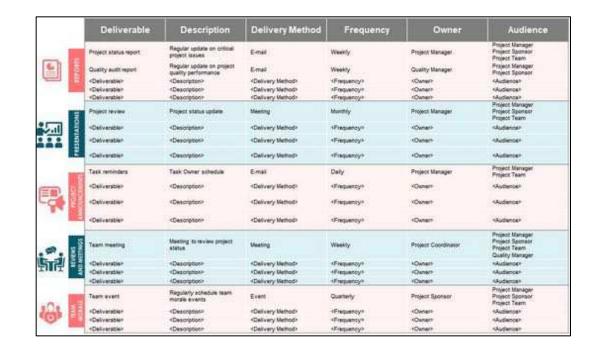
- You should have already addressed these issues and be conforming to the new federal guidelines
 - Pay and Benefits
 - Change of work rules
 - Hazard pay
 - Illness in the family
 - Childcare
- If employees are all being paid whether they are working or not, be prepared for friction to develop between the working and the "nonworking" employees
 - Why should I be working if "they are not?" What is in if for me? Hazard pay may also become an issue.
- How often will you revisit your decisions?
 - What business conditions would cause a change in the current practice?
- A group of HR professionals needs to peel back all the major HR concerns and develop decision trees and alternate strategies that address each one
 - Length of time you can pay and continue benefits for employees under different scenarios



#7 Ongoing Communication To All Key Stakeholders

Ongoing Communication To All Key Stakeholders

- Develop communication strategy and plan
- Develop communication schedule and share with the crisis management team
- Daily refinement of talking points and holding statements for all key stakeholders





#8 Establish Plan B Team

Establish Plan B Team

- What is a Plan B team?
 - Individuals with deep knowledge of the business, not actively involved in the crisis, who can objectively look at the strategy and decisions and ask questions like: is there a better way, is this the best way or what are the other options to meet the same end?
- A Plan B team has several roles in a sustained crisis:
 - Review decisions and strategy
 - Provide objective feedback a set of fresh eyes
 - Support the leadership in an objective manner

Why Consider a Plan B Team?

- In a complex and lengthy activation:
 - Can't see the forest for the trees
 - Too involved in the details of a problem to look at the situation as a whole
 - The uncertainty of the situation gives rise to sense of disorientation and confusion
 - Leaders behaviors and mindsets may cause them to overreact and they may need help to look ahead
 - Leaders lose their objectivity over time
 - Leaders fall in love with their ideas
- Leaders need a team who is not caught up in the day to day, moment to moment crisis and who can provide objective feedback



#9 Continual Deep Re-evaluation

Continual Deep Re-evaluation

- In all crises, you need to continually re-evaluate a pandemic is different
 - Due to the nature, scope and duration, it will require more frequent and deeper questioning
 - At some point you will likely not be able to do all of your mission critical functions
 - What do you stop doing?
 - And then when it happens again, what do you stop now?
 - And again....and so on.



Start Writing Your After-Action Report Now

- You likely already know a lot of things that you need or want to fix, would do differently or have been a real issue or concern so far.
- This is what would classically be in your after-action report of this incident.
 - Start capturing all of this now due to the long duration of the pandemic, you will not remember much of this unless you start now
 - Start a word document and keep a running punch list of all the issues that need to be fixed, modified and addressed in some way.
 - Time stamp the entry
 - Make a few notes regarding the issues to jog your memory
 - Once this is over, begin to review the document and craft the lessons learned from your real time observations



Personal and Family Preparedness

- Wash your hands a lot
- Avoid touching your eyes and face (yes, it's hard!)
- Avoid sick people
- Use hand sanitizer when in public and no handwashing is available
- Wear a mask if around sick people (it provides some protection) OR on a plane with coughing people
 - Your chance of getting ill are significantly increased if the coughing person is within two rows of you
- Be smart and don't panic



Final Note: Be Prepare for a Long Haul

- Pace yourselves
- This could go on for weeks or months
- Be aware of staff fatigue, including your own
- Develop shift-based staffing charts as necessary
- Be ready for the long haul





Thank you

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